## SECTION-A : MENTAL ABILITY

This section contains 20 Multiple Choice Questions. Each question has four choices (1), (2), (3) and (4) out of which ONLY ONE is correct.

1. Introducing a man, a woman said, "He is the only son of my mother's mother." How is the woman related to the man ?
(1) Mother
(2) Aunt
(3) Sister
(4) Niece
2. Introducing a man, Neeraj said, "His wife is the only daughter of my wife." How is Neeraj related to that man?
(1) Father
(2) Grandfather
(3) Father-in-law
(4) Son
3. If $A \times B$ means $A$ is to south of $B ; A+B$ means $A$ is to the north of $B ; A \% B$ means $A$ is to the east of $B ; A-B$ means $A$ is to west of $B$, then in $P \% Q+R-S, S$ is in which direction with respect to Q ?
(1) South-West
(2) South-East
(3) North-East
(4) North-West
4. In a code, CORNER is written as GSVRIV. How can CENTRAL be written in that code ?
(1) DFOUSBM
(2) GIRXVEP
(3) GNFJKER
(4) None of these
5. Amir was born on Feb 29th of 2012 which was a Wednesday. If he lives to be 101 years old, how many birthdays would he celebrate on a Wednesday?
(1) 3
(2) 4
(3) 5
(4) 1
6. What should come in the place of question mark (?) in the following alpha-numeric series?
$\mathrm{C}-3, \mathrm{E}-5, \mathrm{G}-7, \mathrm{I}-9, ?, ?$
(1) X-24, M-21
(2) K-11, M-13
(3) O-15, X-24
(4) M-18, K-14
7. A clock which gains 10 minutes in 24 hours, is set right at 12 AM . What will be the true time when the clock indicates 5 AM on the following day?
(1) $4: 48 \mathrm{AM}$
(2) 5: 12 AM
(3) 4: 50 AM
(4) 5: 15 AM
8. A clock is started at noon. By 10 min past 5, the hour hand has turned through :
(1) $145^{\circ}$
(2) $150^{\circ}$
(3) $155^{\circ}$
(4) $160^{\circ}$
9. The year next to 1896 that will have the same calendar as that of the year 1896 :
(1) 1902
(2) 1904
(3) 1905
(4) 1908
10. Some equal cubes are arranged in the form of a solid block as shown in the adjoining figure. All the visible surfaces of the block (except bottom) are then painted.


How many cubes do not have any of the faces painted?
(1) 27
(2) 32
(3) 36
(4) 40
11.


The number on opposite side of the face having number 3 will be
(1) 1
(2) 2
(3) 4
(4) 5
12. The six faces of a cube have been marked with numbers $1,2,3,4,5$ and 6 respectively. This cube is rolled down three times. The three positions are given. Choose the figure that will be formed when the cube is unfolded.

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

13. Little wooden cubes each with a side of one inch are put together to form a solid cube with a side of three inches. This big cube is then painted red all over on the outside. When the big cube is broken up into the original little ones, how many cubes will have paint on two sides only?

(1) 4
(2) 8
(3) 12
(4) 0

14．How does the reflection of SJR9PZE7C18 look like in the water？Choose the right option
（1） 8 LOL $\exists Z d 64\lceil S$
（2） 27 ВДЬऽЕムСЈ8
（3）ӘาВวเZ゙E」C•8
（4） $2 า \measuredangle \partial b Л E \triangle C J 8$

15．This question is based upon the information given below．Study the information carefully and then choose the correct alternative to answer the question．Five friends A，B，C，D and E are sitting on a bench．
（1）A is sitting next to B．
（2）$C$ is sitting next to $D$ ．
（3）$D$ is not sitting with $E$ ．
（4）$E$ is on the left end of the bench．
（5） C is on second position from the right．
（6） A is on the right side of B and to the right side of E ．
（7）A and C are sitting together．
Where is A sitting ？
（1）Between B and D
（2）Between D and C
（3）Between C and E
（4）Between B and C

16．If REASON is coded as 5 and BELIEVED as 7 ，then what is the code for GOVERNMENT？
（1） 6
（2） 8
（3） 9
（4） 10

17．Count the number of triangles and squares in the given figure

（1） 42 triangles， 8 squares
（2） 46 triangles， 8 squares
（3） 44 triangles， 10 squares
（4） 44 triangles， 12 squares

18．In the question below，two statements are given followed by two conclusions．Take the given statement to be true despite being at variance with known facts．Find which of the given conclusion（s）logically follow（s）from the given statements．
Statements：All doraemons are nobitas ．Some nobitas are jiyans．
Conclusions：I－Some doraemons are jiyans
II－Some jiyans are nobitas
（1）Only I follows
（2）Only II follows
（3）Either I or II follows
（4）None follows
19. Statements :

No giraffe is a leopard
All leopards are kangaroos
All kangaroos are wolfs
Conclusions : (A) All kangaroos can never be giraffes.
(B) All giraffes are definitely wolfs.
(1) If only conclusions (A) follows
(2) If only colclusion (B) follows
(3) If either conclusion (A) or conclusion (B) follows
(4) If both conclusions (A) and (B) follow
20. If the English letters $A$ to $Z$ are written in a reverse order then what is the fourth letter to the right of $12^{\text {th }}$ letter from the left?
(1) K
(2) J
(3) R
(4) L

## SECTION-B : PHYSICS

This section contains 20 Multiple Choice Questions. Each question has four choices (1), (2), (3) and (4) out of which ONLY ONE is correct.
21. The acceleration of the particle when its speed is zero is :

(1) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$
(2) $\sqrt{3} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$
(3) $0 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$
(4) None of the above
22. The magnitude of the momentum of a particle verying with time is shown in the figure.


The variation of force acting on the particle is shown as :
(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

23. A physical quantity Q is calculated according to the expression :

$$
\mathrm{Q}=\frac{\mathrm{A}^{3} \mathrm{~B}^{3}}{\mathrm{C} \sqrt{\mathrm{D}}}
$$

If percentage errors in $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{D}$ are $2 \%, 1 \%, 3 \%$ and $4 \%$ respectively. What is the percentage error in Q ?
(1) $+8 \%$
(2) $+10 \%$
(3) $+12 \%$
(4) $+14 \%$
24. A particle moves in a straight line obeying the v-t graph as shown in the figure. Then $\cot \theta+\cot \beta=$ ?

(1) 300
(2) 6
(3) $1 / 3$
(4) 3
25. Lower surface of a plank is rough and lies over a rough horizontal surface. Upper surface of the plank is smooth and has a smooth hemisphere placed over it through a light string as shown. After the string is burnt trajectory of CM of sphere is :

(1) circle
(2) ellipse
(3) straight line
(4) none of these
26. A body of mass $m$ has an initial speed $v$ is acted by two force $\vec{F}_{1}$ and $\vec{F}_{2}$. After sometime work done by $\overrightarrow{\mathrm{F}}_{1}$ is $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{mv}^{2}$ and speed of the body is 2 v . Then, the work done by $\overrightarrow{\mathrm{F}}_{2}$ is :
(1) $\frac{3}{2} \mathrm{mv}^{2}$
(2) $-m v^{2}$
(3) zero
(4) $m v^{2}$
27. A block hangs freely from the end of a spring. A boy then slowly pushes the block upwards so that the spring becomes strain free. The gain in gravitational potential energy of the block during this process is equal to :
(1) the work done by the boy against the gravitational force acting on the block.
(2) the loss of energy stored in the spring minus the work done by the tension in the spring.
(3) the work done on the block by the boy plus the loss of energy stored in the spring.
(4) the work done on the block by the boy minus the work done by the tension in the spring plus the loss of energy stored in the spring.
28. Two particles each of mass move with velocities v $\hat{\mathrm{i}}$ and $v \hat{\mathrm{j}}$. The speed of the CM of the system of two particles is :
(1) 2 v
(2) $\sqrt{2} v$
(3) $\frac{\mathrm{v}}{\sqrt{2}}$
(4) none of these
29. An upward force $\mathrm{F}=50 \mathrm{~N}$ acts on a body of mass $\mathrm{m}=2 \mathrm{~kg}$. The work done by the upward force when the body has velocity $\mathrm{v}=5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ is :
(1) 25 J
(2) $\frac{50}{3} \mathrm{~J}$
(3) $\frac{125}{3}$ J
(4) none of these
30. Two blocks of mass 20 kg is connected as shown in the figure then friction on the block exerted by horizontal surface is (system is released from rest) :

(1) 140 N
(2) 120 N
(3) 130 N
(4) 100 N
31. Two masses $m$ and $M$ are connected by a light string passing over a smooth pulley. When set free m moves up by 1.4 meters in 2 s . The ratio $\frac{\mathrm{m}}{\mathrm{M}}$ is :
(1) $\frac{13}{15}$
(2) $\frac{15}{13}$
(3) $\frac{9}{7}$
(4) $\frac{7}{9}$
32. In the arrangement shown, wedge $B$ is at rest $\&$ block $A$ is moving towards the wedge. Surface between wedge \& ground and surface between block and ground is smooth but surface between block and wedge is rough. After achieving 1 meter height on the wedge, block stops with respect to the wedge due to friction. Then in the process :-

(1) Work done by friction on the block is -32 J
(2) Work done by the friction on the wedge is 6 J
(3) Total work done by the friction is -14 J
(4) Work done by normal on the wedge is zero.
33. Initial acceleration of a particle moving in a straight line is $a_{0}$ and initial velocity is zero. The acceleration reduces continuously to half in every $\mathrm{t}_{0}$ seconds. The terminal speed of the particle is:
(1) $\mathrm{a}_{0} \mathrm{t}_{0} \ln (2)$
(2) $\frac{a_{0} t_{0}}{\ell n(2)}$
(3) $a_{0} t_{0}$
(4) $\frac{a_{0} t_{0}}{2}$
34. An object of mass ( m ) is located on the horizontal plane at the origin O . The body acquires horizontal velocity v . The mean power developed by the frictional force during the whole time of motion is : $(\mu=$ frictional coefficient $)$
(1) $\mu \mathrm{mgv}$
(2) $\frac{1}{2} \mu \mathrm{mgv}$
(3) $\mu \mathrm{mg} \frac{\mathrm{v}}{4}$
(4) $\frac{3}{2} \mu \mathrm{mgv}$
35. A student measures the thickness of human hair by looking at it through a microscope of magnification 100. He makes 20 observations and finds that the average width of the hair is 3.5 mm . What is the estimate on the thickness of the hair?
(1) 0.0035 mm
(2) 0.035 mm
(3) 0.01 mm
(4) 0.7 mm
36. Three blocks A, B and C of mass $4 \mathrm{~kg}, 6 \mathrm{~kg}$ and 10 kg respectively are connected as shown in figure. Find acceleration of block A. [g = $\left.10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right]$

(1) $10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$
(2) $1.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ down
(3) $3 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ upward
(4) $1.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ upward
37. A body of mass $m$, having momentum $p$, is moving on a rough horizontal surface. It it is stopped in a distance x , the coefficient of friction between the body and the surface is given by:
(1) $\mu=\frac{\mathrm{p}^{2}}{2 \operatorname{gm}^{2} \mathrm{x}}$
(2) $\mu=\frac{\mathrm{p}^{2}}{2 g \mathrm{gx}}$
(3) $\mu=\frac{p}{2 g m x}$
(4) $\mu=\frac{p}{2{g m^{2} x}^{2}}$
38. If the angle ( $\theta$ ) between velocity vector and the acceleration vector is $90^{\circ}<\theta<180^{\circ}$. The body is moving on a
(1)Straight path with retardation
(2)Straight path with acceleration
(3) Curvilinear path with acceleration
(4) Curvilinear path with retardation
39. A coin moves in a circular path on a rough rotating horizontal disk which has an angular acceleration $\alpha$. Coin does not slip on disk. Mark the INCORRECT statement :-

(1) Power delivered by the friction on the coin is positive.
(2) Power delivered by centripetal force on the particle is zero.
(3) Work done by the contacting frictional force on the system (disc + surface) is negative.
(4) Power is delivered to coin by tangential force only
40. A smooth uniform rope is dragged by a force $F$ on a horizontal surface. The ratio of tension $T$ at P and force F is :

(1) $\frac{1}{2}$
(2) $\frac{2}{3}$
(3) $\frac{1}{3}$
(4) None of these

## SECTION-C : CHEMISTRY

This section contains 20 Multiple Choice Questions. Each question has four choices (1), (2), (3) and (4) out of which ONLY ONE is correct.
41. In Bohr's model of the hydrogen atom-
(1) Velocity of electron in an orbit is independent of mass of electron.
(2) Radius of an orbit is directly proportional to $\mathbf{Z}$ of Hydrogen like species.
(3) The angular momentum of the electron in an orbit is an integral multiple of $\mathrm{h} / 4 \pi$.
(4) The magnitude of potential energy of an electron in any orbit is less than its kinetic energy.
42. One mole mixture of $\mathrm{FeO} \& \mathrm{Fe}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{4}$ containing equal moles of each, on reaction with excess of $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ gives n-moles of $\mathrm{Fe}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$. "n" is -
(1) 1
(2) 2
(3) $2 / 3$
(4) $1 / 3$
43. Find the minimum energy (approximately) of a photon which when strikes a metal plate of work function 2 eV , ejects a photoelectron having the wavelength exactly equal to the wavelength of an electron in the third energy level of $\mathrm{Li}^{2+}$ :
(1) 13.6 eV
(2) 15.6 eV
(3) 124.4 eV
(4) 1244 eV
44. Select the CORRECT statement:
(1) Ratio of $\mathrm{gm} / \mathrm{litre} \& \% \mathrm{w} / \mathrm{v}$ of a solution is same for any solute
(2) Ratio of $\% \mathrm{w} / \mathrm{v}$ and molarity of a solution is independent of solute substance.
(3) Ratio of $\% \mathrm{w} / \mathrm{v}$ and molarity of a solution depends on solvent substance
(4) Ratio of molarity and molality is one if solvent is water
45. Which of the following pair of elements are chemically most similar ?
(1) $\mathrm{Zr}, \mathrm{Hf}$
(2) $\mathrm{Cr}, \mathrm{Bi}$
(3) $\mathrm{Be}, \mathrm{Rn}$
(4) $\mathrm{Br}, \mathrm{Sn}$
46. For the following process ABCD , involving fixed moles of ideal gas select the CORRECT statement


> Line $B C$ is parallel to X - axis
> Line $A D$ is parallel to Y - axis
(1) $T_{A}>T_{B}=T_{C}>T_{D}$
(2) $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{B}}>\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{D}}$
(3) $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{B}}<\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{D}}$
(4) $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}<\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{B}}=\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}<\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{D}}$
47. Which of the following aqueous solutions of $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ has 4.9 g of $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ ?

Solution-I : 500 mL of $0.1 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}\left(\mathrm{~d}=1.5 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{~mL}^{-1}\right)$
Solution-II : 250 mL solution of density $2 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{~mL}^{-1}$ which is $49 \% \frac{\mathrm{~W}}{\mathrm{~W}} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$
Solution-III : 10 g solution which is $49 \% \mathrm{w} / \mathrm{w} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$
Solution-IV: 500 g Solution having molality $0.1 \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{~kg}^{-1} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$
(1) I, III, IV
(2) I, II, III, IV
(3) I, III
(4) II, IV
48. Calculate compressibility factor for the He gas at 100 K \& 1atm.
[b for $\mathbf{H e}=\mathbf{8 0 0} \mathbf{c m}^{3} / \mathbf{m o l} ; \mathbf{R}=\mathbf{0 . 0 8} \mathbf{~ a t m}-\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{mol}-\mathrm{K}$ ]
(1) 101
(2) 110
(3) 1.01
(4) 1.1
49. In periodic table electron affinity of oxygen atom is higher as compared to :-
(1) Fluorine
(2) Chlorine
(3) Sulphur
(4) Carbon
50. Alveoli are tiny sacs in the lungs whose average diameter is $5 \times 10^{-10} \mathrm{~m}$. An oxygen molecule is trapped in a sac. The uncertainty in the velocity of oxygen molecules within a sac is approximately :
[Take $\mathrm{h}=\mathbf{6 . 6} \times \mathbf{1 0}^{-\mathbf{3 4}} \mathrm{J}$-s]
(1) $2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
(2) $3 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
(3) $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
(4) $4 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
51. Which of the following is the correct order of ionisation energy ?
(1) $\mathrm{O}^{2-}<\mathrm{F}^{-}<\mathrm{Na}^{+}<\mathrm{Mg}^{2+}$
(2) $\mathrm{F}^{-}<\mathrm{O}^{2-}<\mathrm{Na}^{+}<\mathrm{Mg}^{2+}$
(3) $\mathrm{O}^{2-}<\mathrm{Na}^{+}<\mathrm{F}^{-}<\mathrm{Mg}^{2+}$
(4) $\mathrm{Mg}^{2+}<\mathrm{Na}^{+}<\mathrm{F}^{-}<\mathrm{O}^{2-}$
52. Which of the following orbital has ( xy ) nodal plane?
(1) $p_{z}$
(2) $p$
(3) $p_{x}$
(4) $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{x}^{2}-y^{2}}$
53. Out of $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{SO}_{2}, \mathrm{I}_{3}^{\oplus}, \mathrm{I}_{3}^{-}, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{NO}_{2}^{-}, \mathrm{N}_{3}^{-}$the linear species are :
(1) $\mathrm{NO}_{2}^{-}, \mathrm{I}_{3}^{\oplus}, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
(2) $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{I}_{3}^{\oplus}, \mathrm{N}_{3}^{-}$
(3) $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{I}_{3}^{-}, \mathrm{N}_{3}^{-}$
(4) $\mathrm{N}_{3}^{-}, \mathrm{I}_{3}^{-}, \mathrm{NO}_{2}^{-}$
54. A glass tube with a sealed end is completely submerged in a vessel with Hg vertically. The air column is 15 cm long (As shown in figure). To what height must the upper end be raised above point X , so that the level of Hg inside the tube is at level of Hg in the vessel (Take Atmospheric pressure $=75 \mathrm{~cm}$ of Hg .)

(1) 12 cm
(2) 15 cm
(3) 18 cm
(4) 3 cm
55. Which of the following molecule has zero dipole moment ?
(1) $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$
(2) $\mathrm{ClF}_{3}$
(3) $\mathrm{PCl}_{2} \mathrm{~F}_{3}$
(4) None of these
56. In which of the following species, central atom is $\mathrm{sp}^{3}$ hybridised ?
(1) $\stackrel{\dot{\mathrm{C}}}{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{H}_{3}$
(2) $\mathrm{BF}_{3}$
(3) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
(4) $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$
57. An unknown gas behaves ideally at 540 K in low pressure region, then calculate the maximum temperature (in K ) at which it can be liquified -
(1) 160 K
(2) 540 K
(3) 1440 K
(4) 1822.5 K
58. If average bond energy of $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{Cl}$ is $\mathrm{x} \mathrm{kJ} / \mathrm{mol}$. Then how many number of bonds will have bond energy greater than x in $\mathrm{PCl}_{5}$ ?
(1) 5
(2) 0
(3) 3
(4) 2
59. If the mean free path is $100 \AA$ at one bar pressure then its value at 5 bar pressure, if volume is kept constant, will be :
(1) $100 \AA$
(2) $200 \AA$
(3) $10 \AA$
(4) $500 \AA$
60. How many kg of $\mathrm{CaCO}_{3}$ (Mol wt $=100 \mathrm{gm} /$ mole) is needed to produce 336 kg of CaO $(\mathrm{Mol} \mathrm{wt}=56 \mathrm{gm} / \mathrm{mole})$ according to the reaction :
$\mathrm{CaCO}_{3}(\mathrm{~s}) \rightarrow \mathrm{CaO}(\mathrm{s})+\mathrm{CO}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$
The $\%$ yield of reaction is $60 \%$
(1) $10^{3}$
(2) $10^{2}$
(3) 900
(4) 800

## Attempt any one of the Section-D (Biology) OR Section-E (Mathematics) SECTION-D : BIOLOGY

This section contains 20 Multiple Choice Questions. Each question has four choices (1), (2), (3) and (4) out of which ONLY ONE is correct.
61. If in dicot stem position of vascular cambium and cork cambium is interchanged then what will be the position of cork ?
(1) Between wood and secondary phloem
(2) Between phellogen and wood
(3) Between periderm and secondary phloem
(4) Between vascular cambium and wood
62. Which of the following statements is correct ?
(1) In unicellular organisms, growth \& reproduction are mutually exclusive events
(2) Self- consciousness is the property of all living organisms
(3) Metabolism is a defining feature of living organisms without exception
(4) Reproduction is a defining feature of living organisms without exception
63. Read the following four statements (A-D) :-
(A) Centrioles and ribosomes are not considered as compartments due to lack of membrane
(B) Some large integral proteins form channels or tunnels, while glycoproteins are found on outer surface of membrane.
(C) Polar molecules can not cross the membrane by simple diffusion
(D) Plasma membrane and organelle membrane show similarity in their basic structure

Which of the above statements are correct ?
(1) Only (B) \& (C)
(2) Only (A) \& (D)
(3) All (A), (B), (C) \& (D)
(4) Only (B)
64. Which cells of connective tissue are also known as cart-wheel cells ?
(1) Adipose cells
(2) Mast cells
(3) Plasma cells
(4) Mesenchymal cells
65. Which of the following is common feature of Struthio and Pavo ?
(1) Pneumatic bones
(2) Free caudal vertebrae
(3) Well developed wings
(4) Glandular skin
66. In which of the following group of plants, leaves have bulliform cells on adaxial epidermis ?
(1) All Dicots
(2) All monocots
(3) Grasses
(4) Sunflower
67. Common Name


Mango

Order

Class

Dicotyledonae

Choose the correct option regarding ' A ' and ' B ' from the following :-
(1) A = Poaceae
B $=$ Poales
(2) A = Anacardiaceae B = Sapindales
(3) $\mathrm{A}=$ Hominidae
B = Primata
(4) $\mathrm{A}=$ Muscidae
B $=$ Diptera
68. Which of the following statement is not correct ?
(1) Areolar connective tissue located beneath the skin
(2) Adipose tissue is another type of loose connective tissue located mainly beneath the skin
(3) The excess of nutrient which are not used immediately are converted into fats and are stored in areolar tissue
(4) Fibres \& fibroblasts are commonly packed in the dense connective tissue.
69. Match the name of the animal (Column-I) with one characteristic (Column-II) and the phylum/class (Column-III) to which it belongs-

## Column-I <br> Column-II

(1) Ornithorhynchus
(2) Chelone
(3) Aptenodytes
(4) Macropus

Oviparous
4 chambered heart
Beak present
Poikilothermous

Column-III
Marsupials
Reptiles
Aves
Eutherian mammals
70. Pigments are important for many biological activities. Which of the following cellular structures contain pigments ?
(1) ER, Golgi body, Leucoplast
(2) Vacuole, Chromoplast, Leucoplast
(3) Chloroplast, Chromoplast, Leucoplast
(4) Chromoplast, Vacuole, Chloroplast
71.


Above figure is the transverse section of dicot root. Among the layers labelled as $A, B, C \& D$, which layer has a deposition of water impermeable waxy material ?
(1) D
(2) C
(3) B
(4) A
72. If a human cell and a yeast cell continue their cell cycles for the duration of 48 hours, then which of the following ratio regarding number of cell cycles completed, is correct ?
(1) Human : yeast : : $1: 32$
(2) Human : yeast : : $16: 1$
(3) Human : yeast : : $1: 16$
(4) Human $:$ yeast $:: 8: 1$
73. In which phase of mitosis, chromosomes lose their individuality ?
(1)Prophase
(2) Metaphase
(3)Anaphase
(4) Telophase
74. Which one among the following is called fighting fish?
(1) Clarias
(2) Betta
(3) Pterophyllum
(4) Exocoetus
75. In plants, epidermal cells are : -
(1) parenchymatous
(2) collenchymatous
(3) sclerenchymatous
(4) meristematic
76. Platyhelminthes, Annelida, Arthropoda and Mollusca phyla are :-
(1) All coelomate
(2) Show metamerism
(3) Having organ level of organisation
(4) Bilateral symmetrical

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77. Amount of DNA in Metaphase I of meiosis is denoted as $\frac{T}{2}$. What will be the amount of DNA in Anaphase I, Anaphase II, Prophase I and $\mathrm{G}_{1}$ phase of interphase ?

|  | Anaphase I | Anaphase II | Prophase I | $\mathrm{G}_{1}$ Phase |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $(1)$ | $\frac{\mathrm{T}}{2}$ | $\frac{\mathrm{~T}}{4}$ | $\frac{\mathrm{~T}}{2}$ | T |
| $(2)$ | $\frac{\mathrm{T}}{4}$ | 2 T | $\frac{\mathrm{~T}}{2}$ | T |
| $(3)$ | $\frac{\mathrm{T}}{2}$ | $\frac{\mathrm{~T}}{4}$ | $\frac{\mathrm{~T}}{2}$ | $\frac{\mathrm{~T}}{4}$ |
| $(4)$ | $\frac{\mathrm{T}}{2}$ | T | $\frac{\mathrm{~T}}{2}$ | $\frac{\mathrm{~T}}{4}$ |

78. Select incorrect statement from the following :
(1) In vertebrates notochord is replaced by cartilaginous or bony vertebral column
(2) In cephalochordates, notochord extended from head to tail region and persistent throughout life
(3) Protochordates are exclusively marine
(4) Notochord is present in the tail of adult in urochordata
79. 



Identify the above figure and choose the correct option regarding this from the following :-
(1) Metaphase-I
(2) Anaphase-I
(3) Transition to metaphase
(4) Anaphase
80. Observe the diagrams of epithelia carefully and choose the correct answer from the options given below-


| Position in body |  | Function/s |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | B | A | B |
| 1 | Trachea, Fallopian tubes | PCT of nephron | Diffusion | Absorption |
| 2 | Fallopian tubes, Ependyma | Thyroid vesicles | Movement of ovum, and CSF | Secretion |
| 3 | Fallopian tubes, Ependyma | Thyroid vesicles | Movement of dust | Absorption |
| 4 | Bronchioles, Trachea | Thyroid vesicles | Movement of dust | Secretion, Absorption |

## SECTION-E : MATHEMATICS

This section contains 20 Multiple Choice Questions. Each question has four choices (1), (2), (3) and (4) out of which ONLY ONE is correct.
61. If $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{n}}=\frac{1}{1^{2} \cdot 3^{2}}+\frac{2}{3^{2} \cdot 5^{2}}+\frac{3}{5^{2} \cdot 7^{2}}+\frac{4}{7^{2} \cdot 9^{2}}+\ldots$. upto n terms.

If $S_{n}=\frac{a^{2}+b n}{(c n+1)^{2}}$ Then $(a+b+c)$ equal to
(1) 2
(2) 3
(3) 4
(4) 5
62. Quadratic equation with rational coefficients, having one root $2+\sqrt{3}$ is :
(1) $x^{2}+4 x+1=0$
(2) $x^{2}-4 x+1=0$
(3) $x^{2}+4 x+2=0$
(4) $x^{2}-4 x-2=0$
63. If $\alpha, \beta$ are roots of $9 x^{2}-11 x+1=0$ then value of $\frac{1}{(9 \alpha-11)^{2}}+\left(\frac{11 \beta-1}{9}\right)$ is-
(1) $\frac{56}{47}$
(2) $\frac{67}{56}$
(3) $\frac{81}{67}$
(4) $\frac{103}{81}$
64. Let $Z$ be a complex number with nonzero imaginary part such that
$(2 Z+1)(3 Z+1)(5 Z+1)(30 Z+1)=10$ then $\left(\frac{\text { sum of all values of } Z}{\text { product of all values of } Z}\right)$ is
(1) $-\frac{32}{9}$
(2) $\frac{32}{9}$
(3) $\frac{9}{32}$
(4) $-\frac{9}{32}$
65. If $\sin A+\sin B=\frac{1}{3}$ and $\cos A+\cos B=\frac{1}{2}$, then the value of $3(\sin 2 A+\sin 2 B)+6 \sin (A+B)$ is-
(1) 1
(2) 3
(3) 5
(4) 7
66. If the equations of the three sides of a triangle are $2 x+3 y=1,3 x-2 y+6=0$ and $x+y=1$, then the orthocentre of the triangle lies on the line
(1) $13 x+13 y=1$
(2) $169 x+26 y=-178$
(3) $169 x+y=0$
(4) none of these.
67. Complete set of values of $m$, for which point $(m, 1)$ lies in smaller segment formed by circle $x^{2}+y^{2}-3 x+1=0$ and line $2 x-y=2$, is-
(1) $(1,2)$
(2) $\left(\frac{3}{2}, 2\right)$
(3) $\left(1, \frac{3}{2}\right)$
(4) $(-\infty, 1) \cup(2, \infty)$
68. Number of integral solutions of the inequation $x^{4}-13 x^{2}+36 \leq 0$ is-
(1) 0
(2) 1
(3) 3
(4) 4
69. Given that $x \in R$ and $x \neq 3$ such that $x^{2}+4\left(\frac{x}{x-2}\right)^{2}=45$, then the value of $\frac{(x-2)^{2}(x+3)}{2 x-3}$ can be-
(1) 4
(2) 8
(3) 16
(4) 32
70. If the sum of the first 11 terms of an arithmetic progression equals to the first 19 terms, then the sum of its first 30 terms, is
(1) equal to 0
(2) equal to -1
(3) equal to 1
(4) non unique
71. The length of a chord of contact of point $(4,4)$ with respect to the circle $x^{2}+y^{2}-2 x-2 y-7=0$ is
(1) $\frac{3}{\sqrt{2}}$
(2) $3 \sqrt{2}$
(3) 3
(4) 6
72. Let $P(6,0)$ and $Q(12,0)$ be two fixed points and $T(h, k)$ (where h.k $\neq 0$ ) be a variable point in $x-y$ plane PT and QT meets the y-axis at points R and S respectively and PS meets OT at M (where O is origin). For different values of $h$ and $k$, the line RM always passes through-
(1) $(1,0)$
(2) $(2,0)$
(3) $(4,0)$
(4) $(0,2)$
73. Let $S$ is the region on $x y$-plane containing the points $(x, y)$ which satisfy the system of inequalities $3 x-2 y-6 \leq 0, x+y-7 \leq 0$ and $x \geq 1$, then area of $S$ is-
(1) $\frac{45}{4}$
(2) $\frac{45}{2}$
(3) more than $\frac{45}{2}$
(4) less than $\frac{45}{4}$
74. If ' $m$ ' is the slope of the line which makes isosceles triangle with the lines whose equations are $2 \mathrm{x}-\mathrm{y}=0$ and $\mathrm{y}-\mathrm{x}+5=0$, then
(1) $m^{2}-2 m-3=0$
(2) $3 m^{2}+2 m-3=0$
(3) $3 m^{2}+2 m-1=0$
(4) $3 m^{2}-2 m-3=0$
75. If $a, b, c$ are 3 different numbers in A.P. then $(a+2 b-c)(2 b+c-a)(c+a-b)$ equals
(1) $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{abc}$
(2) $a b c$
(3) 2 abc
(4) 4 abc
76. If $m \& M$ denotes the minimum and maximum value of $|2 z+1|$ respectively, where $|z-2 i| \leq 1$ then $(m+M)^{2}$ is equal to
(1) 17
(2) 34
(3) 51
(4) 68
77. Suppose that a curve $C$ passes through the point $(3,2)$ and has the property that if the normal line is drawn at any point on the curve then the intercept on positive $y$-axis of the normal line is always 6 . The curve C is a circle with radius
(1) 3
(2) 4
(3) 5
(4) 6
78. If $\sec x+\cos x=2$, then value of $(\sec x)^{6}+(\cos x)^{6}$, is-
(1) 0
(2) 1
(3) 2
(4) 8
79. The locus of the point $z$ which moves such that $2 \arg \left(\frac{z-i+3}{z+3 i-1}\right)=\pi$ is -
(1) a straight line passing through the points $(3-\mathrm{i})$ and $(-1+3 \mathrm{i})$
(2) a straight line passing through the points $(-3+i)$ and $(1-3 i)$
(3) a semi-circle passing through the points $(-3-i)$ and $(1-3 i)$
(4) a part of circle with centre at the point $(-1-i)$ and radius $2 \sqrt{2}$.
80. The number of real tangents that can be drawn from $(2,2)$ to the circle $x^{2}+y^{2}-6 x-4 y+3=0$ is
(1) 0
(2) 1
(3) 2
(4) 3

## ANSWER KEY

| Que. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Ans. | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Que. | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| Ans. | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 3 |
| Que. | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 | 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 |
| Ans. | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| Senc\| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Section - D (Biology)

| Que. | 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 | 71 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 76 | 77 | 78 | 79 | 80 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ans. | 2 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 1 |

Section - E (Mathematics)

| Que. | 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 | 71 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 76 | 77 | 78 | 79 | 80 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ans. | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 2 |

$\qquad$

